

Our Vocabulary Progression

Geographical vocabulary plays a crucial role in the progression of our children's learning across St Michael's. The development of a strong geographical vocabulary is fundamental to understanding key geographical concepts and also enhances critical thinking, communication, and global awareness. From the start of school, many of our children are introduced to terms that help them describe and understand the physical world, human environments, and the connection of both.

As our children progress through school, a well-structured approach to geography vocabulary enables our children to build on prior knowledge, deepening their comprehension and facilitating discussions about geographical issues. Whether discussing climate, landforms, population, or environmental sustainability, a varied vocabulary ensures that our children are equipped to engage with these topics in both academic and real-world contexts.

Our curriculum outlines the importance of vocabulary progression in geography and its role in supporting our children's broader educational development. A varied geographical vocabulary ensures that our children, regardless of background, have the language skills needed to understand and articulate geographical concepts with confidence, contributing to their overall success in the subject and wider world.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 1	How do I know about the UK and	Why are some places in the world	Where in the world are we? (GA
	where I live? (FE)	hot and others cold? (FE)	Barnaby Bear)
	Street	North Pole	Country
	Road signs	South Pole	United Kingdom/Britain
	Address	Equator	Europe
	Post codes	Camouflage	Human Geography
	Urban	Desert	Physical Geography
	Rural	Glacier	Maps
	Rossington		Atlas
	United Kingdom		Compass
			North
			East



ABC			
Year 2	What goes on at an airport and a train station? (FE) Location Security Transit Passenger Terminal Platform	How would my life be if I lived in Kenya? (FE) African Drought Mud huts Ebony Climate European	South West France Passport City Sea River How do? Mountain Positional Language Coast Holiday Landmarks Why do we love to be beside the seaside? (FE) Cliff Tide Resort Beach Ocean Rockpool
		Wildlife Palm tree	
		Mango Kenya	
Year 3	Why is London the capital city of the UK? (FE) Capital Houses of Parliament	How are rivers formed? (FE) estuary source meander	How do we energise our homes and countries? (FE) country Lake District
	Monarchy	tributary	Great Britain



	Buckingham Palace	erosion	British Isles
	Underground	deposition	Urban
	Thames		Rural
Year 4	What are Biomes and how are they	How are mountains formed and	Why do so many British people go
	created? (FE)	what causes an earthquake,	to the Mediterranean for their
	Biome	tsunami or volcano? (FE)	holiday? (FE)
	Tundra	Tectonic plates	Paella
	Desert	Lava	All-inclusive
	Landscape	Strata	Vacation
	Marine biome	Eruption	Olives
	Grasslands	Summit	Feta cheese
	Canopy	Tsunami	Greek islands
	Emergent		Mediterranean
	Understory		Holidays
	Forest Floor		BREXIT
			European Union
Year 5	What are the main features of	What is Fairtrade and why should it	What creates a rainforest and why
	South America? (FE)	matter to us? (FE)	are they located where they are?
	Pampas	sustainability	(FE)
	Incas	global citizenship	Biome
	Street children	ethical codes	Canopy
	Anaconda snake	developing countries	Understory
	Andes	cooperatives	Biodiversity
	I am somebody	Fairtrade premium	Temperate
			deforestation
Year 6	How do maps help us	What do we know about North	Why is climate change such an
	find our way around? (FE)	America and what are its main	important topic? (FE)
	Ordnance survey	geographical features? (FE)	Greta Thunberg
	Grid reference	American state	Fossil fuels
	Aerial photograph	Cherokee	Greenhouse gases



	Map symbol	The 'big apple'	Global warming
	Cartography	Chichen Itza	Ozone layer
	. ,	A buck	methane
		Statue of Liberty	

^{*(}GA) – Geographical Association

^{*(}FE) – Focus Education